

# Interruptive Military Service Credit Study

Melinda Aslakson Policy Analyst

October 20, 2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

0

## Today's Presentation

- Quick Recap
- Policy Highlights
- Policy Options
  - Expansion of Benefits
  - Status Ouo
- Data Received
- Actuarial Insights
- Preliminary Recommendation Options
- Possible Committee Action

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

1

### Quick Recap

- Should fully subsidized interruptive military service credit be expanded to include individuals who were awarded an expeditionary medal during a period of war?
- Key Policy Considerations
  - Benefit Consistency
  - Benefit Administration
- To encourage consistency in treatment of military service among pension systems study requires sharing preliminary recommendations with LEOFF 2 by October 31, 2020
- SCPP final report due to the Legislature by January 2, 2021
  - Recommendations, analysis, potential costs

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

2

2

### Policy Highlights

#### **Benefit Expansion**

- Could be viewed as consistent with original intent of the SCPP and LEOFF 2
- May be viewed as providing more consistent treatment of members serving in combat operations with high levels of personal risk and hardship
- On the other hand, some members could receive service credit who were not in compat
- May reduce perceived inequity in treatment of members receiving expeditionary medals
- · Potentially higher cost

#### **Current Policy**

- These members can be eligible for partially subsidized service credit under current law
- Some members may serve in similar combat operations but do not receive fully subsidized service credit
- Avoids unknown future impacts given medals, criteria and conflicts are not defined by the State of Washington
- Avoids any intergenerational equity issues posed by providing benefits to current actives and retirees
- · Potentially lower cost

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

3

### **Policy Options**

- Expansion of Benefits
  - Instead of partially subsidized service credit, provide fully subsidized interruptive military service credit to individuals who received an expeditionary medal
  - Different paths available under this option
- Maintain Status Quo
  - Do not expand fully subsidized interruptive military service credit to individuals who received an expeditionary medal

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

4

4

### **Data Received**

Military department provided data on the number of expeditionary and campaign medals awarded over various time periods

	Air National Guard (2016-2020)	Army National Guard (Based on Currently Serving Members)
<b>Expeditionary Medals</b>	476	991
Campaign Medals	159	1,995
Ratio	2.99	0.50

- DRS provided updated data on amount of fully and partially subsidized service credit awarded
- DVA was unable to provide any supporting data
- Other states data comparison difficult due to different benefit criteria

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

5

### Preliminary Actuarial Analysis

- Based upon our analysis of the data, the actuaries assumed: Service Credit provided for Expeditionary Medals would be similar to Campaign Medals over the long-term
  - See the Appendix for further details
- As a result, we expect the cost of providing fully subsidized interruptive military service credit for Expeditionary Medals
  - Is immaterial for PERS 1, TRS 1/2/3, SERS 2/3, and LEOFF 1
  - Will mirror those from SHB 2544 for Campaign Medals Prospectively
    - Expeditionary Medals awarded for service after the effective date of the bill
  - To be similar to liabilities for Campaign Medal service awarded Retroactively
    - Expeditionary Medals awarded for service prior to the effective date of the bill
    - We anticipate this includes cost for actives, retirees, and any refunds.

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

6

6

### **Actuarial Cost Estimates**

#### Prospective

- \$1.3m Total Employer 25-year cost
- See Actuarial FN on SHB 2544 for details

#### Retroactive

- Represents preliminary impacts that are subject to change
- About \$16m Total Employer 25-year cost

Impact on Contribution Rates				
System/Plan	PERS 2/3	PSERS 2	LEOFF 2	WSPRS 1/2
Current Members				
Employee (Plans 1/2)	0.0002%	0.0001%	0.0013%	0.0053%
Employer	0.0002%	0.0001%	0.0008%	0.0053%
State			0.0005%	

Impact on Contribution Rates				
System/Plan	PERS 2/3	PSERS 2	LEOFF 2	WSPRS 1/2
Current Members				
Employee (Plans 1/2)	0.003%	0.004%	0.019%	0.099%
Employer	0.003%	0.004%	0.012%	0.099%
State			0.008%	

■ Please refer to the Appendix for additional actuarial disclosures

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

7

### **Expansion of Benefits Options**

### Option 1

- If cost is a concern, perhaps provide to active members of the state's pension systems only, for medals earned after the effective date of a bill
- Prospective only
- Least costly

### Option 2

- If your goal is to maximize benefits, then consider providing to active members and retirees of the state's pension systems
- Prospective plus Retroactive
- Perceived as providing more consistent, fair benefits
- Most costly

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

8

8

### **Preliminary Recommendation Options**

- Expand benefits
  - Option 1: Prospective only
  - Option 2: Prospective plus Retroactive
  - Staff may be able to bring back additional analysis in November or bring back variations on the above options based upon committee direction
- Maintain status quo
  - Do not expand fully subsidized interruptive military service credit to individuals who received an expeditionary medal
- Study further
- Make no preliminary recommendation

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

9

### **Next Steps**

- Possible Committee action to share a preliminary recommendation with the LEOFF 2 Board
- November 17 SCPP meeting
  - Sharing the LEOFF 2 Board's preliminary recommendation at the November 17 SCPP meeting
  - Possible public hearing

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

10

10

### Thank You

The Select Committee on Pension Policy is staffed by the Office of the State Actuary.

Questions? Contact us:

Office of the State Actuary

PO Box 40914
Olympia, WA 98504
(360) 786-6140
state.actuary@leg.wa.gov



 $O: \ \ SCPP \ \ 2020 \ \ 10-20. Full \ \ 6. Interruptive. \textit{Military. Service. Credit. Study-Prelim. Recc. pptx}$ 

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

1

## Appendix

- Data Details
- Data Analysis
- Actuarial Analysis
- Actuarial Disclosures

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

12

13

12

# Appendix: Data Details

DRS Data				
	Fully Subsidized	Partially Subsidized		
2011	107	2		
2012	52	1		
2013	136	0		
2014	105	4		
2015	103	6		
2016	60	18		
2017	50	14		
2018	31	32		
2019	46	26		
2020	19	11		
Average				
10-Year	70.9	11.4		
5-Year	41.2	20.2		
Ratio	1.72	0.56		

■ Notes

■ DRS Data for 2020 does not represent a full year

10/20/2020 Select Committee on Pension Policy

## Appendix: Data Details (Continued)

Air National Guard			
	Campaign E Medals	Expeditionary Medals	
2016	15	272	
2017	17	120	
2018	54	50	
2019	63	29	
2020	10	5	
Total	159	476	
	Ratio	2.99	

	Army National Guard		
	Afghanistan (2001-2014)	690	
Campaign	Inherent Resolve (2014 to present)	129	4 005
Medals	Iraq (2003-2014)	1,148	1,995
	Kosovo (1998-1999)	28	
Expeditionary Armed Forces (N/A)		85	991
Medals	Global War on Terrorism (2011 to present)	906	991
		Ratio	0.50

#### Notes

Army National Guard years in parentheses added by OSA

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

14

14

### Appendix: Data Analysis

- Army National Guard Data
  - Indicates Expeditionary Medals are mostly a more recent phenomena
    - i.e., The Global War on Terrorism (2011 to present)
- DRS Data
  - Fully subsidized counts (for Campaign Medals) are decreasing over last decade
  - Meanwhile, partially subsidized are increasing; a proxy for Expeditionary Medals
    - $\blacksquare$  Note that partially subsidized counts could include Service and Reserve Medals as well
- Air National Guard Data
  - Actual experience may be skewed by short-term window
  - Utilized DRS Data to normalize counts
    - Took ratio of 10-year average to 5-year average and applied it to the Air Totals
    - Resulted in a modified Expeditionary-to-Campaign Medal ratio of 0.98

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

15

### Appendix: Actuarial Analysis

- Based upon the data analysis on the previous slide, we assumed: Service Credit provided for Expeditionary Medals would be similar to Campaign Medals over the long-term
- For the <u>Prospective</u> aspect of this proposal, please see our actuarial fiscal note on SHB 2544 for all relevant disclosures related to the costs shown in this PPT
  - Implies the assumptions and methods would be consistent for this new analysis
  - Actual levels of Expeditionary Medals granted in the future may vary
    - Costs would need to quadruple to impact rounded contribution rates in LEOFF 2
    - Costs would need to triple for WSPRS contribution rate impacts to round to 0.02%
  - If this proposal becomes a bill, we would update this analysis based upon the <u>June 30, 2019, AVR</u>
    - This latest valuation includes new demographic assumptions.

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

16

16

### Appendix: Actuarial Analysis (Continued)

- For our Retroactive cost estimate, we used the following methods
  - Given Expeditionary Medals have mostly been granted since 2011, we estimated the value of the fully subsidized service credit given for Campaigns over that period
    - Taking the active liability for each plan, we divided by total plan service credit
    - This amount was then multiplied by the fully subsidized credit granted for Campaigns
  - The cost we developed for this proposal is based on the assumption that the same level of fully subsidized Expeditionary Medal service credit would emerge
    - We recognize that some historical fully subsidized service credit may be attributable to retirees, but our simplified methods don't allow us to distinguish between these groups
- In terms of risk, we do not expect either the Prospective or Retroactive application of this proposal to significantly impact overall risk measures
  - Prospectively, however, a large-scale and lengthy future conflict could materially increase the number of members who earn fully subsidized service credit

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

17

### Appendix: Actuarial Disclosures

- We relied on data provided by the Military Department and DRS to estimate the relative relationship between Campaign and Expeditionary Medals
  - We reviewed the data and found it reasonable for the purposes of this pricing, but we did not audit the data
- We assumed an effective date for this proposal of 90 days after the 2021 Legislative Session
  - This estimate is intended for use by the SCPP during the 2020 Interim
  - If this proposal is introduced during session, the results presented in a fiscal note may vary from this estimate
- Unless otherwise noted, we developed these costs using the same assumptions as disclosed in our 2019 AVR, available on our website
  - We believe the data, methods, and assumptions used in this pricing are reasonable for the purposes this pricing exercise
- Michael T. Harbour, Actuary (ASA, MAAA), served as the reviewing and responsible actuary for this analysis

10/20/2020

**Select Committee on Pension Policy** 

18